

trinityconsultants.com

Audit Strategies for Oil and Gas Facilities - RMEHSPG Q4

October 17, 2019

Hari Krishna Bharadwaj- Senior Consultant (Trinity Consultants)

Steven Lavoie - Solution Lead (Intelex Technologies)







Today's Topics

- > Audit Privilege Programs State Level (CO & WY)
- > EPA's New Owner Audit Program from Exploration & Production Facilities
- > Audits Lessons Learned and Practical Insights
- > Technical challenges faced by systems teams



Trinity's Services EHS Regulatory Consulting

- > Air quality services
 - Air permitting and compliance
 - Air dispersion modeling
 - Source testing/emissions monitoring support
 - Ambient and meteorological monitoring
 - Air quality and transportation planning support
- > Waste management
 - Industrial and solid waste management
 - Beneficial use and alternate fuels
- > Water quality services
 - Water quality permitting and compliance
 - Water monitoring, sampling, and treatment analyses

- Chemical compliance services
 - Chemical regulatory advisory
 - Tier II/SO8 reporting
 - TRI reporting
 - Risk Management Program/ Process Safety Management
 - TSCA
 - ODS
 - Spill/release
- NEPA/EIA support
- Noise and odor analysis
- Mobile sources and fuels support
- > Industrial siting



Disclaimer

- > We are not attorneys, and are not dispensing legal advice
- > Air quality and other environmental requirements are dynamic - what we describe today may change.
- > Ensure you are downloading/utilizing the most recent guidance, forms, and versions of regulations prior to submitting anything to an agency.



State-Level Audit Programs



Common Elements of Self Disclosure and Audit Programs

- > Must be VOLUNTARY
- > Initial Notification
- > Prescriptive ongoing reporting/timelines
- > Corrective actions
- > Commitment to long-term compliance activities
- > Systematic improvements to decrease likelihood of future noncompliance
- > Reporting



State Level Audit Programs

Wyoming

- Strongly encouraged by agency management
- > EPA agreement, "defers to state penalty mitigation for selfdisclosures as long as state policy meets minimum requirements for Federal delegation."
- > Steps:
 - Notify agency, include scope
 - 180 days to perform audit
 - 60 days to submit report, which is privileged & admissible only in limited circumstances
 - Scope, information gained, conclusions, exhibits
 - Analysis & implementation issues
 - ◆ Plan to correct noncompliance & prevent future noncompliance
- Reporting violations mandatory
- > Penalties shall not be sought except in limited cases
- Separate small business voluntary disclosure incentive



State Level Audit Programs

Colorado

- Civil & administrative penalties waived if voluntarily disclosed
- > Agency checklist
 - Prompt disclosure
 - Voluntary self-evaluation
 - Diligent pursuit of compliance/correction (2 year maximum, possibility of extension)
 - Cooperation
 - Absence of imminent & substantial endangerment, serious harm
 - No unfair or excessive economic benefit
 - No criminal negligence
 - No history of serious violations
- > May result in formal orders to achieve compliance

EPA's Finalized New Owner Audit Program for Oil and Gas E&P Operations



EPA's New Owner Audit Program for E&P

- > Finalized March 29, 2019
 - https://www.epa.gov/sites/production/files/2019-03/documents/ognewownerprogramauditagreement.pdf
- Can be claimed only by companies for facilities for which they had no responsibility for environmental compliance prior to date of acquisition
- > Limited to "oil and natural gas exploration and production facilities"
 - And limited to only those facilities listed in the notification to EPA



EPA's New Owner Audit Program for E&P

- Does not replace or change EPA's Audit Policy (April 2000) or New Owner Audit Policy (August 1, 2008)
- > Does not automatically provide enforcement protection from state-level enforcement
- > Program was developed by EPA due to "significant noncompliance" from vapor control systems at E&P facilities



EPA's New Owner Audit Program for E&P - The Good

- > Provides Total Civil Penalty Mitigation:
 - Marks the first time that the agency has proposed complete penalty forgiveness - including mitigation of economic benefit penalties - for entities that disclose and correct violations in conformance with the guidelines
- > Streamlined Process:
 - More efficient disclosure of noncompliance through semi-annual reports
- Mitigation of Risk:
 - Mitigate enforcement risk by proactively addressing vapor control design issues targeted by EPA enforcement initiatives for FY19
- > Transferrable:
 - Once agreement is finalized, It is transferrable to any subsequent owner



EPA's New Owner Audit Program for E&P - The Not So Good

- > Highly Prescriptive:
 - Requirements of the audit process require participating new owners to go beyond the requirements of applicable regulations of the CAA to mitigate emissions, especially from storage tanks
- > Potential Conflict with State Audit Programs:
 - If the new owners chooses to enter into an audit agreement with a state audit policy in lieu of agreement with EPA, EPA may take enforcement action with respect to violations that were not disclosed or disclosed but not corrected
- > Risks of Voluntary Disclosure:
 - Operational details that go into developing the required engineering studies could be made available publically through FOIA requests; sites could get onto the non-compliance radar



Audit Schedules

- Notify EPA within 9 months or by March 29, 2019 (whichever is later) after acquisition date of entering into program
 - The date of acquisition cannot be earlier than March 29, 2018.
- Completion time will be determined by EPA on a case-by-case basis
 - Scope of audit
 - Number of covered facilities
- > Operators will submit semi-annual progress reports for the duration of the audit



Audit Procedures

- > Within 60 days of effective date, submit to EPA:
 - Audit protocols
 - Audit checklists
 - Modeling guideline (discussed later)
 - Field survey SOP (discussed later)
- > EPA will provide input within 45 days
- Company amend within 30 days of EPA's response



Corrective Actions - Three Categories

- Violations Discovered Resulting from [Vapor Control System Engineering and Design Analysis/Field Survey]
 - Correct within 180 days of discovery; extension subject to EPA approval
- > Violations Discovered Resulting from [other issues not related to vapor control systems]
 - Correct within 60 days of discovery; extension subject to EPA approval
- > Immediate and Substantial Endangerment to Public Health or Welfare, or the Environment
 - "as expeditiously as possible"



Developing Audit Procedures

- > Modeling Guideline
 - Submit to EPA for approval/comment
 - Documentation of procedures to determine Potential Minimum and Peak Instantaneous Vapor Flow Rate
- > Engineering Design Standards
 - Evaluation of whether vapor collection systems are appropriately sized
 - Can be done by-site, or by-groups



Developing Audit Procedures (Con't)

- > Vapor Control System Field Survey Standard Operating Procedure (SOP)
 - Submit to EPA for approval/comment
 - Documented procedure for determining during field visits that vapor control systems are working properly
 - Include IR camera inspection procedures
 - Include procedure for component inspection



Developing Audit Procedures (Con't)

- Vapor Control System Engineering Evaluation and Field Survey
 - Conduct surveys following SOP;
 - Conduct engineering analyses following Engineering Design Standards
- Vapor Control System Modification and Verification
 - Increase capacity or decrease flow to vapor control systems
 - Make necessary modifications
 - Confirm during operation using IR camera and following SOP



Reporting

- > Semi-annual Reports
 - Due 15th day of the month following each six-month period
 - List of facilities audited
 - Summary of violations
 - Summary or corrective actions
 - List of any changes to the List of Facilities covered under the audit



Reporting (Con't)

- > Final Report
 - Due no later than 60 days following completion of Audit Program
 - Compliance Summary including:
 - Measures to ensure future compliance
 - Estimated cost of returning to compliance
 - Estimated volume of pollutants reduced by corrective actions



Non-Air Auditing - Oil & Gas Items to consider

- Non Air Auditing
 - Environmental Site Assessments (ESA) under CERCLA - site reconnaissance portion (can be done prior to acquisitions)
 - Spill Reports review + Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasures (SPCC) plan review
 - National Pollution Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) permit reviews
 - Produced water discharge
 - ◆Stormwater discharge
 - MIT (Mechanical Integrity Testing) testing schedule for wells
 - BLM and OGCC requirement reviews



Audits - Lessons Learned and Practical Insights



Performance of Audit Work

- > Three Main Components of an Audit Project
 - Scope and Planning (Pre-Site Visit)
 - Conducting the Audit (Site Visit)
 - Communicating Results (Post-Site Visit)

Site Visit **Pre-Site Visit Post-Site Visit** Schedule Plan the Audit Step 1: **Conclude Audit** Audit - Audit facility selection **Opening meeting** -Finalize findings - Assess requirements - Identify Step 2: - Review available documentation Conduct interviews and recommendations - Prepare audit protocols - Draft and final audit tour facilities - Assign and communicate audit report preparation Step 3: responsibilities Gather and review data and documentation Step 4: **Evaluate and summarize** Monitor correction action findings completion (typically Step 5: responsibility of auditee) Close meeting



Know your scope

- > Take the time to clearly define!
- > What type of facilities will you include?
 - Wellsites, batteries
 - Warehouse/storage
 - Gathering, compression, pigging stations
 - Gas plants
- > Geographical area?



Know your scope (cont'd)

- > Which requirements?
 - Permits
 - ◆ Limitations & Operating requirements
 - Monitoring
 - ◆ Recordkeeping (timeframe)
 - ◆ Reporting
 - Has everything been permitted that should have been?
 - ♦ New, modified equipment/facilities
 - Changing criteria over time



Know your scope (cont'd)

- > Which requirements (more to choose from!)
 - Federal rules (applicability AND compliance)
 - ♦ NSPS (0000/0000a, IIII, JJJJ, etc.)
 - ◆ NESHAP (HH, ZZZZ, etc.)
 - Greenhouse Gas reporting
 - State/local rules (opacity, equipment standards, emission inventories, nonattainment requirements)
- > Only specific elements?



Know your framework

- > Which jurisdictions?
 - States, Regions, Indian Country, EPA
 - How do they view audits? What statutes, regulations, & policies apply?
 - What timing commitments result?
- > Internal only?
- > How will confidentiality be protected & managed?



Determine approach

- > Records review only?
 - Supplement with phone/video interviews?
 - Examples
- > Level and amount of on-site review
 - Who needs to be available?
 - Pictures allowed?
 - Checking nameplates/serial numbers/ equipment sizes?
 - Records on site?
 - Give a checklist/questions to someone else?

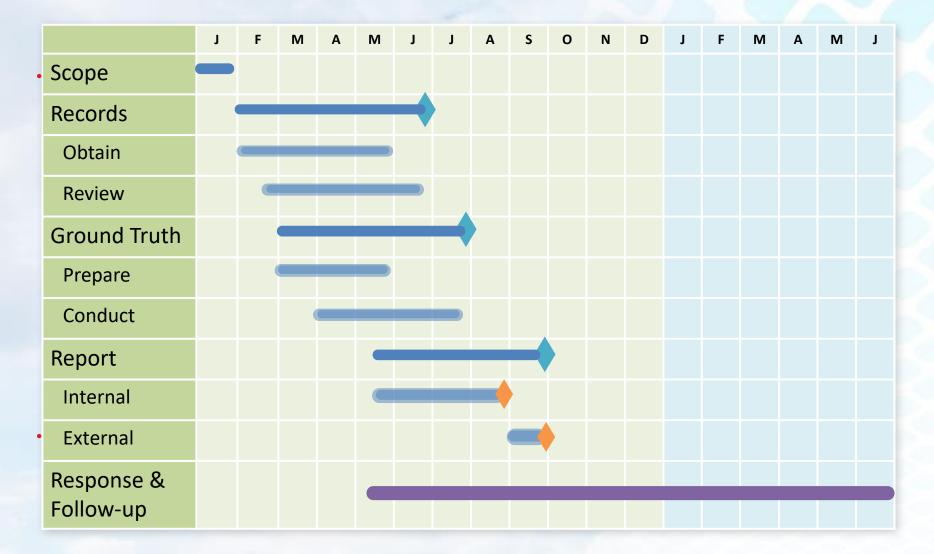


Make a milestone schedule

- > Ground Truth
 - Site visits
 - Staff interviews
- > Reporting
 - Internal & External
 - Options for corrective actions
 - Compliance milestone schedule
- > Response & Follow-Up Reporting
 - Expect this to be required until all issues resolved



Example Schedule





Orientation Tour

- > Familiarize with audit site
- Maintain pace, note areas that will require more in depth inspection
- > Set time limit
- > Note path taken through audit site
- > Look for indicators of recent changes
- > Observe general housekeeping practices
- > Understand area specific restrictions



On-site Audits - Tips and Thoughts

- > Information gathering
 - Agency can be a good source of records, but allow for time
 - Talk to the people who do the work
 - Ask open-ended questions
 - No answer is "wrong" you are seeking the ground truth
 - Walk around
- > Does your scope include why?
 - Be curious
 - Don't be afraid to follow a trail
- > Findings indicative of systemic issue?



Record Reviewing

- > Look for completeness of forms
- > Look for patterns
 - i.e. Confined Space entry: is attendant consistently missing on the form?
- Use record review to identify next steps in audit
 - i.e. Observe confined space entry unannounced



Record Review - Sample Size

- > Determine appropriate sample size
 - Percentage
 - All documents if not cumbersome
- Noncompliance may mean deeper digging (i.e. missing manifests, incomplete confined space permits, etc.)
- > Some auditees set a number of noncompliances to identify a widespread problem
 - For example, if you find 3 examples of missing manifests, you can stop your review



Report Writing

- > State facts; communicate the extent of findings clearly
- > Avoid generalities
- > If finding is based on observations or what the auditor was told, that should be stated
- > Avoid extreme language
- > Do not focus on individuals or their mistakes
- > Do not draw unsubstantiated conclusions
- Determine ahead of time if report is to include options for corrective action



Findings - What is the requirement?

- > If the Finding is against a procedure or permit, cite the reference. "...as required by procedure/permit ABC-123."
 - Don't write--"The flow valve is not always opened on time."
 - Do write "Per an interview with the wastewater department, the flow valve is not consistently opened prior to sampling as required by procedure SOP-123."
 - Without the reference, it is difficult to understand why it is a discrepancy and the Auditee has difficulty finding the problem.



Adapting the Legacy Data

Steven Lavoie – Solution Lead October 17, 2019



Intelex Platform

Asset Compliance Tracking System (ACTS)

- Assets
- Production and Event Data
- Emission Data
- Inspection Data
- Permit Data
- Reports and Dashboards
- Integrations
- Tasks/ Tasking
- File Attachments



Different Scenarios of M&A

> System to System

- Buyer and Seller both have the same system - example ACTS
- Common with larger companies.

Buying into System

- Seller has a system, buyer does not
- Common for spin offs

Buying into Excel

- Seller doesn't have a system. Data is likely stored in spreadsheets
- Common with small acquisitions



Pain Points

System to System

- Most decision points
- Usually requires moderate data alignment

Buying into System

- Most QA/QC
- Seller must review and signoff on new database

Buying into Excel

- Most Data Entry/ Imports
- Time Consuming



Good News

System to System

- Teams/ Responsible persons already in place
- Processes already defined
- Tables are all the same (ACTS)

Buying into System

- Up and running with least interruption
- Intelex will copy seller DB then bulk remove assets not including in transaction

Buying into Excel

- Complete control over where to map data for import
- Easy to divvy out tasks



Planning and Considerations

Cut Overs

Do you have system integrations or are you collecting field data? You'll need to plan a cut over date.

Data Alignment

Even when data is stored in the same format there may still be alignment work needed. Examples: Inspections, asset attributes

Rollups

Production Data: Units are everything, might need some one time roll ups.

Personnel

Bring in open tasks/ workorders? Depends – mergers often include assets as well as employees.

Scalability

Are your current processes scalable? Is it time to make changes to adapt a new basin or scale up your existing processes?



Questions?

INTELEX



INTELEX